AAF

Research

Estimating the Costs Of Candidate Clinton's Proposals – Updated (8-15-2016)

GORDON GRAY | AUGUST 4, 2016

Former Secretary of State Hillary Clinton's policy proposals as a candidate for president would have a dramatic effect on the federal budget.[1] To her credit, Secretary Clinton has provided a fair amount of detail on her positions. In addition, other organizations, most prominently the Tax Policy Center and the Committee for a Responsible Federal Budget, have also provided estimates of the current candidates' proposals. This analysis primarily relies on public statement provided by the Clinton campaign, news reports, and third party estimates, specifically from TPC, CRFB, and the American Action Forum.

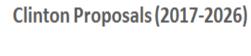
Based on these estimates, Secretary Clinton's proposals would, on net and over a ten-year period (2017-2026), increase revenues by \$1.3 trillion, increase outlays by \$2.8 trillion, for a combined deficit effect of nearly \$1.5 trillion over the next decade.[2]

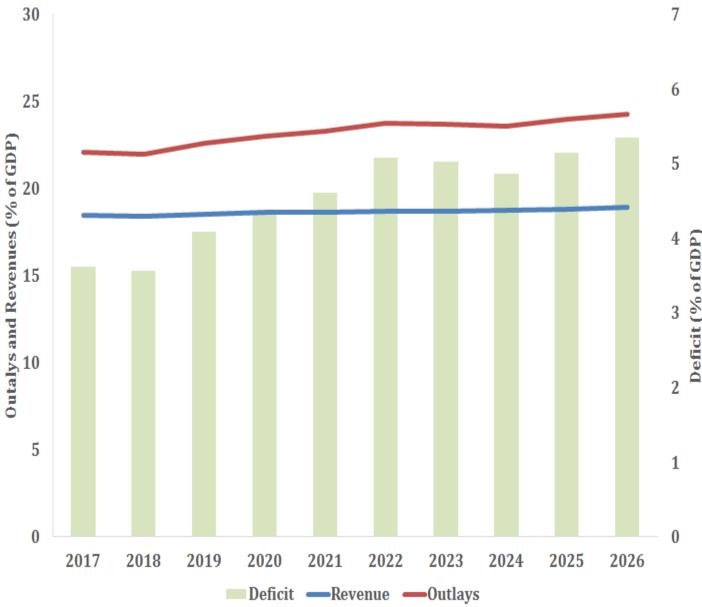
Table 1: Budgetary Effects of Sec. Clinton's Proposals

Figures in Billions(\$)	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	Total
Revenue	53	67	104	120	134	148	158	167	176	188	1,315
Outlays (w/o Interest)	201	228	236	249	264	273	274	274	275	277	2,550
Net Interest	1	6	12	17	23	28	34	39	44	49	255
Outlays	202	235	248	266	287	301	308	313	319	326	2,805
Deficit	149	168	144	146	153	153	150	146	143	138	1,490
Debt	14,721	15,494	16,395	17,378	18,452	19,679	20,943	22,221	23,633	25,163	

As a share of the economy, Secretary Clinton would increase deficits to 5.4 percent of Gross Domestic Product (GDP), with outlays increasing to 24.3 percent of GDP, compared to revenues of 18.9 percent of GDP.

Figure 2: Budgetary Effects as a Share of GDP

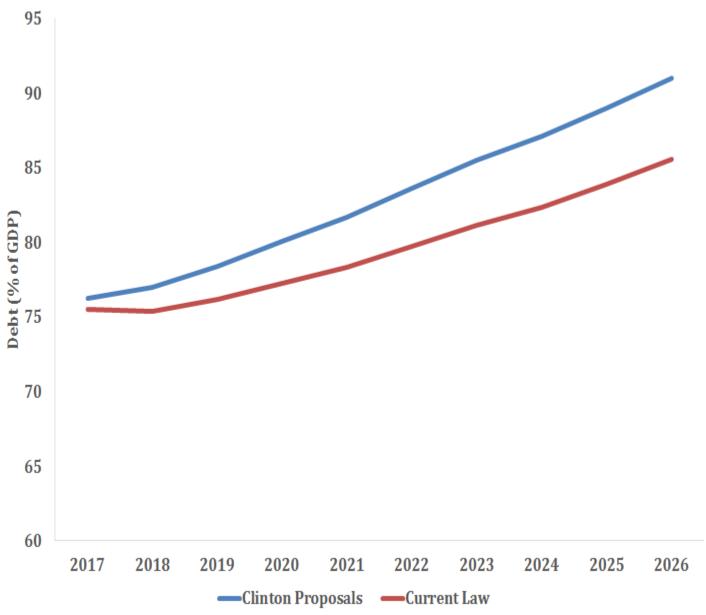




As a result of persistent budget deficits over the next ten years, Secretary Clinton's proposals would increase debt held by the public to 91.0 percent of GDP – above current the current law projection of 85.6 percent.

Figure 2: Debt Effects





The spending and revenue proposals reflect 13 broad spending proposals, the net effects of Secretary Clinton's tax proposals and the interest effects.

Table 2: Costs Estimates of Proposals

Figures in Billions (\$) Overall Proposal					
Outlays					
1 "Guarantee up to 12 weeks of paid family and medical leave"	1,035				
2 "Clinton's New College Compact plan costs in the range of \$350 billion"	347				
3 "New Goal As President to Limit Child Care Costs to No More than 10 Percent of Family's Income"	337				
4 "Clinton would increase federal infrastructure funding by \$275 billion over a five-year period"	251				
5 Net Health Provisions	200				
6 "Debt-Free College for our Future Students"	107				
7 "Breaking Every Barrier Agenda"	76				
8 "Make preschool universal for every 4-year-old in America."	66				
9 Launch a \$60 billion Clean Energy Challenge	60				
10 \$30B plan for coal country	30				
11 "Invest \$2 billion per year in research for Alzheimer's and related disorders"	20				
12 "\$10 billion investment in "Make it in America Partnerships"	10				
13 New Federal-State Partnerships to Prevent and Treat Addiction	10				
Sub Total Spending Proposals	2,550				
Net Interest	255				
Sub Total Outlays	<u>2,805</u>				
Revenue	<u>1,315</u>				
<u>Deficit</u>	<u>1,490</u>				

The estimates tabulated above in many respects reflect other published estimates, with the exceptions of proposals 1 and 3, which reflect specific estimates completed by the American Action Forum (including an updated figure for proposal 1). The Appendix provides more specific details, including costs estimates for more specific elements of the broader proposals, annual spend-out totals and sources for the proposal itself and sources for the basis of the estimate. This estimate does not include proposals where it does not appear evident that the campaign intended to budget for them, for example, Secretary Clinton expressed support for fully funding the IDEA program (possibly adding \$180 billion over the next ten years) and increasing health funding for Puerto Rico (possible cost of \$15-20 billion over the next ten years) but did not appear to propose them as discrete spending proposals.

- [1] A comparable estimate of candidate Donald Trump's policy proposals will be forthcoming.
- [2] This update reflects a downward revision to a previous AAF estimate of a federal child care program.